

## 1. Identification

**Product identifier** Fast High Performance Clear Hardener

**Other means of identification**

**Product code** 157009, 157010

**Recommended use** Activator

**Recommended restrictions** No other uses are advised.

**Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information**

Autokote Systems, LLC  
 119 Business Circle  
 Thomasville, Ga. 31792 800-801-5913

Mailing Address:  
 P.O. Box 3246  
 Thomasville, Ga. 31799

**Emergency telephone number** CHEMTREC +1 (800) 424-9300 (Inside the US)  
 CHEMTREC International +1 (703) 527-3887 (Outside the US, collect calls accepted)

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Flammable liquids	Category 2
<b>Health hazards</b>	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 3
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Sensitization, respiratory	Category 1
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 3
<b>OSHA defined hazards</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 3
	Not classified.	

**Label elements**



**Signal word** Danger

**Hazard statement** Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Precautionary statement

### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

### Response

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

### Storage

Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

### Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

### Supplemental information

60.46% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 90.14% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 46.55% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 86.61% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 86.61% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate		28182-81-2	30 - < 40
Isobutyl Acetate		110-19-0	20 - < 30
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		108-10-1	5 - < 10
Solvent Naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic		64742-95-6	5 - < 10
N-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	3 - < 5
Trimethyl Benzene		95-63-6	1 - < 3
Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory		4098-71-9	< 0.2
1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory		822-06-0	< 0.1
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	< 0.1

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## 4. First-aid measures

### Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

### Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

### Ingestion

Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Headache. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General information</b>	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Water. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

## 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent product from entering drains.  Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.  Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.  Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)	PEL	700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	PEL	150 ppm 410 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	100 ppm 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Solvent Naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic (CAS 64742-95-6)	PEL	150 ppm 400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		100 ppm

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)	STEL	150 ppm
	TWA	50 ppm
Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)	TWA	0.005 ppm
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	STEL	75 ppm
	TWA	20 ppm
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	150 ppm
	TWA	50 ppm

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Type	Value
Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	25 ppm

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

Components	Type	Value
Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)	TWA	700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)	STEL	150 ppm 0.18 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	0.02 ppm 0.045 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.005 ppm
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	STEL	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	75 ppm 205 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 50 ppm
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	200 ppm 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 150 ppm
Solvent Naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic (CAS 64742-95-6)	TWA	400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	100 ppm 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	25 ppm

**Biological limit values****ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	1 mg/l	Methyl isobutyl ketone	Urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

**Exposure guidelines****US - California OELs: Skin designation**

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies**

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Skin designation applies.

**US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation**

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation**

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Appropriate engineering controls**

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment****Eye/face protection**

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

**Skin protection****Hand protection**

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

**Other**

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

**Respiratory protection** Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

**Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.



**General hygiene considerations**

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Form</b>	Liquid.
<b>Color</b>	Colorless.
<b>Odor</b>	Solvent.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	-145.84 °F (-98.8 °C) estimated
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	242.6 °F (117 °C) estimated
<b>Flash point</b>	60.8 °F (16.0 °C) estimated
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	
<b>Flammability limit - lower (%)</b>	2.4 % estimated
<b>Flammability limit - upper (%)</b>	12 % estimated
<b>Explosive limit - lower (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Explosive limit - upper (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	24.45 hPa estimated
<b>Vapor density</b>	Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	Not available.
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	550 °F (287.78 °C) estimated
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Density</b>	0.98 g/cm <sup>3</sup> estimated
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not explosive.
<b>Flammability class</b>	Flammable IB estimated
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	Not oxidizing.
<b>Percent volatile</b>	46.48 w/w % By Weight 50.74 v/v % By Volume
<b>Specific gravity</b>	0.82 estimated

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	Toxic if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Harmful if swallowed.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics** Headache. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed.

Components	Species	Test Results
------------	---------	--------------

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)

#### Acute

##### **Dermal**

LD50	Rat	1060 mg/kg
------	-----	------------

##### **Inhalation**

LC50	Rat	0.033 mg/l
------	-----	------------

##### **Oral**

LD50	Rat	> 1000 mg/kg
------	-----	--------------

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)

#### Acute

##### **Inhalation**

LC50	Rat	8.2 mg/l, 4 Hours
------	-----	-------------------

Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

#### Acute

##### **Dermal**

LD50	Rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg
------	--------	--------------

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** Causes serious eye irritation.

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

**Skin sensitization** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** May cause genetic defects.

**Carcinogenicity** May cause cancer.

### IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

### OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

## US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	Not classified.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Not classified.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Not an aspiration hazard.
<b>Chronic effects</b>	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow ( <i>Pimephales promelas</i> ) 492 - 593 mg/l, 96 hours
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow ( <i>Pimephales promelas</i> ) 17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours
Solvent Naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic (CAS 64742-95-6)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea ( <i>Daphnia pulex</i> ) 2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout ( <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> ) 8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
		8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow ( <i>Pimephales promelas</i> ) 7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

### Persistence and degradability

#### Bioaccumulative potential

##### Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Isobutyl Acetate	1.78
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	1.31
N-Butyl Acetate	1.78

**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

## 13. Disposal considerations

<b>Disposal instructions</b>	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Local disposal regulations</b>	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
<b>Hazardous waste code</b>	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
<b>Waste from residues / unused products</b>	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.



## 14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

<b>DOT</b>	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	II
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	173
Packaging bulk	242
<b>IATA</b>	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.
<b>IMDG</b>	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac solutions, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-E
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not established.
<b>DOT</b>	





## 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

### CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0) Listed.

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) Listed.

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Listed.

### SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) 500 LBS

### OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

**Hazard categories**  
 Immediate Hazard - Yes  
 Delayed Hazard - Yes  
 Fire Hazard - Yes  
 Pressure Hazard - No  
 Reactivity Hazard - No

### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity, lower value (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity, upper value (pounds)
Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory	4098-71-9	500	500		

**SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical** No

### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	5 - < 10
Trimethyl Benzene	95-63-6	1 - < 3

### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

**Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)** Not regulated.

#### Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) 6715

#### Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) 35 %WV

#### DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) 6715

**FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace**

Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)	Low priority
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	Low priority
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	Low priority

**US state regulations**                      **WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance**

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed: June 11, 2004
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	Listed: November 4, 2011

**US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin**

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	Listed: March 28, 2014
---------------------------------------	------------------------

**US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))**

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)
Solvent Naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic (CAS 64742-95-6)
Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

**International Inventories**

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

**16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision**

<b>Revision date</b>	4-26-2022
<b>Version #</b>	6
<b>Revision information</b>	Hazard(s) identification: Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) Fire-fighting measures: Suitable extinguishing media Fire-fighting measures: Specific hazards arising from the chemical Accidental release measures: Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Accidental release measures: Environmental precautions Handling and storage: Precautions for safe handling Handling and storage: Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties